## Jordan’s National Gender-Specific SDGs Indicators (NGSI)

### Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line</td>
<td>by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1.2 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line</td>
<td>by sex and age</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.1 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty</td>
<td>in all its dimensions according to national definitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems</td>
<td>by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic</td>
<td>services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to</td>
<td>land, (a) with legally recognized documentation, and (b) who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and type of tenure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.2.1 Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15 to 49 years, by pregnancy</td>
<td>status (percentage)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and indigenous</td>
<td>status</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population</td>
<td>by sex, age and key populations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15–49 years) who</td>
<td>have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10–14 years; aged 15–19 years) per 1,000</td>
<td>women in that age group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average</td>
<td>coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at</td>
<td>the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally</td>
<td>on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the</td>
<td>official primary entry age), by sex</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex

4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill

4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated

4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex

4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment

4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)

Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex

5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age

5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence

5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20–24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18

5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women aged 15–49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age

5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and location

5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments

5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions

5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15–49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care

5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education

5.a.1 (a) Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure

5.a.2 Proportion of countries where the legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women’s equal rights to land ownership and/or control

5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex

5.c.1 Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women’s empowerment
| Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all | 6.2.1 Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services and (b) a hand-washing facility with soap and water |
| Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all | 7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology |
| Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all | 8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex |
| 8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities |
| 8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities |
| 8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5–17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age |
| 8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status |
| 8.8.2 Level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status |
| 8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider |
| Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation | 9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology |
| Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries | 10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by sex, age and persons with disabilities |
| Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable | 11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities |
| 11.7.1 Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities |
| 11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months |
| Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts | 13.3.1 Number of countries that have integrated mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning into primary, secondary and tertiary curricula |
| Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels | 16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age |
| 16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause |
| 16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live |
| 16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1–17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month |
| 16.2.2 | Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation |
| 16.2.3 | Proportion of young women and men aged 18–29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18 |
| 16.3.2 | Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population |
| 16.7.1 | Proportions of positions in national and local public institutions, including (a) the legislatures; (b) the public service; and (c) the judiciary, compared to national distributions, by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups |
| 16.7.2 | Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group |
| 16.b.1 | Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law |

**Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development**

| 17.8.1 | Proportion of individuals using the Internet |
| 17.16.1 | Number of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that support the achievement of the sustainable development goals |
| 17.18.1 | Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics |
Distribution of Gender-Specific Indicators throughout the SDGs Indicators Framework